

## Upper and Lower Sums

**For each problem, find the area under the curve over the given interval. Set up your solution using the limit as  $n$  goes to  $\infty$  of the lower sum.**

1)  $f(x) = x$ ;  $[0, 2]$

2)  $f(x) = 3x$ ;  $[0, 4]$

3)  $f(x) = 2x + 3$ ;  $[0, 5]$

4)  $f(x) = x + 5$ ;  $[0, 8]$

**For each problem, find the area under the curve over the given interval. Set up your solution using the limit as  $n$  goes to  $\infty$  of the upper sum.**

5)  $f(x) = 2x$ ;  $[0, 4]$

6)  $f(x) = x^2$ ;  $[0, 1]$

7)  $f(x) = 2x^2 + 2$ ;  $[0, 2]$

8)  $f(x) = 2x + 2$ ;  $[0, 3]$

**For each problem, find the area under the curve over the given interval.**

9)  $f(x) = x^2$ ;  $[0, 2]$

10)  $f(x) = 2x^2$ ;  $[0, 1]$

11)  $f(x) = 2x$ ;  $[0, 6]$

12)  $f(x) = x^2 + 5$ ;  $[0, 1]$

13)  $f(x) = 3x + 2$ ;  $[0, 1]$

14)  $f(x) = x^2 + 1$ ;  $[0, 3]$

## Answers to Upper and Lower Sums

$$1) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n \left( 0 + \frac{2-0}{n}(k-1) \right) \cdot \frac{2-0}{n}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n \left( \frac{4k}{n^2} - \frac{4}{n^2} \right)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{4}{n^2} \cdot \sum_{k=1}^n k - \frac{4}{n^2} \cdot \sum_{k=1}^n 1 \right)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{4}{n^2} \cdot \frac{n(n+1)}{2} - \frac{4}{n^2} \cdot n \right)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( 2 - \frac{2}{n} \right)$$

2

$$3) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n \left( 2 \left( 0 + \frac{5-0}{n}(k-1) \right) + 3 \right) \cdot \frac{5-0}{n}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n \left( \frac{15}{n} + \frac{50k}{n^2} - \frac{50}{n^2} \right)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{15}{n} \cdot \sum_{k=1}^n 1 + \frac{50}{n^2} \cdot \sum_{k=1}^n k - \frac{50}{n^2} \cdot \sum_{k=1}^n 1 \right)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{15}{n} \cdot n + \frac{50}{n^2} \cdot \frac{n(n+1)}{2} - \frac{50}{n^2} \cdot n \right)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( 40 - \frac{25}{n} \right)$$

40

$$5) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n 2 \left( 0 + \frac{4-0}{n} \cdot k \right) \cdot \frac{4-0}{n}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{32k}{n^2}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{32}{n^2} \cdot \sum_{k=1}^n k$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{32}{n^2} \cdot \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( 16 + \frac{16}{n} \right)$$

16

$$2) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n 3 \left( 0 + \frac{4-0}{n}(k-1) \right) \cdot \frac{4-0}{n}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n \left( \frac{48k}{n^2} - \frac{48}{n^2} \right)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{48}{n^2} \cdot \sum_{k=1}^n k - \frac{48}{n^2} \cdot \sum_{k=1}^n 1 \right)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{48}{n^2} \cdot \frac{n(n+1)}{2} - \frac{48}{n^2} \cdot n \right)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( 24 - \frac{24}{n} \right)$$

24

$$4) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n \left( 0 + \frac{8-0}{n}(k-1) + 5 \right) \cdot \frac{8-0}{n}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n \left( \frac{40}{n} + \frac{64k}{n^2} - \frac{64}{n^2} \right)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{40}{n} \cdot \sum_{k=1}^n 1 + \frac{64}{n^2} \cdot \sum_{k=1}^n k - \frac{64}{n^2} \cdot \sum_{k=1}^n 1 \right)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{40}{n} \cdot n + \frac{64}{n^2} \cdot \frac{n(n+1)}{2} - \frac{64}{n^2} \cdot n \right)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( 72 - \frac{32}{n} \right)$$

72

$$6) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n \left( 0 + \frac{1-0}{n} \cdot k \right)^2 \cdot \frac{1-0}{n}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{k^2}{n^3}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^3} \cdot \sum_{k=1}^n k^2$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^3} \cdot \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2n} + \frac{1}{6n^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \approx 0.333$$

$$\begin{aligned}
7) \quad & \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n \left( 2 \left( 0 + \frac{2-0}{n} \cdot k \right)^2 + 2 \right) \cdot \frac{2-0}{n} \\
& \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n \left( \frac{4}{n} + \frac{16k^2}{n^3} \right) \\
& \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{4}{n} \cdot \sum_{k=1}^n 1 + \frac{16}{n^3} \cdot \sum_{k=1}^n k^2 \right) \\
& \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{4}{n} \cdot n + \frac{16}{n^3} \cdot \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6} \right) \\
& \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{28}{3} + \frac{8}{n} + \frac{8}{3n^2} \right) \\
& \frac{28}{3} \approx 9.333
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
9) \quad & \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n \left( 0 + \frac{2-0}{n} \cdot k \right)^2 \cdot \frac{2-0}{n} \\
& \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{8k^2}{n^3} \\
& \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{8}{n^3} \cdot \sum_{k=1}^n k^2 \\
& \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{8}{n^3} \cdot \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6} \\
& \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{8}{3} + \frac{4}{n} + \frac{4}{3n^2} \right) \\
& \frac{8}{3} \approx 2.667
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
11) \quad & \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n 2 \left( 0 + \frac{6-0}{n} \cdot k \right) \cdot \frac{6-0}{n} \\
& \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{72k}{n^2} \\
& \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{72}{n^2} \cdot \sum_{k=1}^n k \\
& \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{72}{n^2} \cdot \frac{n(n+1)}{2} \\
& \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( 36 + \frac{36}{n} \right) \\
& 36
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
8) \quad & \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n \left( 2 \left( 0 + \frac{3-0}{n} \cdot k \right) + 2 \right) \cdot \frac{3-0}{n} \\
& \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n \left( \frac{6}{n} + \frac{18k}{n^2} \right) \\
& \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{6}{n} \cdot \sum_{k=1}^n 1 + \frac{18}{n^2} \cdot \sum_{k=1}^n k \right) \\
& \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{6}{n} \cdot n + \frac{18}{n^2} \cdot \frac{n(n+1)}{2} \right) \\
& \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( 15 + \frac{9}{n} \right) \\
& 15
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
10) \quad & \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n 2 \left( 0 + \frac{1-0}{n} \cdot k \right)^2 \cdot \frac{1-0}{n} \\
& \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{2k^2}{n^3} \\
& \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2}{n^3} \cdot \sum_{k=1}^n k^2 \\
& \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2}{n^3} \cdot \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6} \\
& \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{n} + \frac{1}{3n^2} \right) \\
& \frac{2}{3} \approx 0.667
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
12) \quad & \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n \left( \left( 0 + \frac{1-0}{n} \cdot k \right)^2 + 5 \right) \cdot \frac{1-0}{n} \\
& \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n \left( \frac{5}{n} + \frac{k^2}{n^3} \right) \\
& \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{5}{n} \cdot \sum_{k=1}^n 1 + \frac{1}{n^3} \cdot \sum_{k=1}^n k^2 \right) \\
& \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{5}{n} \cdot n + \frac{1}{n^3} \cdot \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6} \right) \\
& \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{16}{3} + \frac{1}{2n} + \frac{1}{6n^2} \right) \\
& \frac{16}{3} \approx 5.333
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
13) \quad & \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n \left( 3 \left( 0 + \frac{1-0}{n} \cdot k \right) + 2 \right) \cdot \frac{1-0}{n} \\
& \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n \left( \frac{2}{n} + \frac{3k}{n^2} \right) \\
& \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{2}{n} \cdot \sum_{k=1}^n 1 + \frac{3}{n^2} \cdot \sum_{k=1}^n k \right) \\
& \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{2}{n} \cdot n + \frac{3}{n^2} \cdot \frac{n(n+1)}{2} \right) \\
& \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{7}{2} + \frac{3}{2n} \right) \\
& \frac{7}{2} = 3.5
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
14) \quad & \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n \left( \left( 0 + \frac{3-0}{n} \cdot k \right)^2 + 1 \right) \cdot \frac{3-0}{n} \\
& \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n \left( \frac{3}{n} + \frac{27k^2}{n^3} \right) \\
& \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{3}{n} \cdot \sum_{k=1}^n 1 + \frac{27}{n^3} \cdot \sum_{k=1}^n k^2 \right) \\
& \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{3}{n} \cdot n + \frac{27}{n^3} \cdot \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6} \right) \\
& \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( 12 + \frac{27}{2n} + \frac{9}{2n^2} \right) \\
& 12
\end{aligned}$$